ID: 1032

# Synthesis and Characterization of CaFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Spinel as Photocatalyst for Hydrogen Production

Hamza MEDJADJI<sup>1\*</sup>, Ali BOULAHOUACHE<sup>1,2</sup>, Nassima SALHI<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire LCPMM, Faculté des Sciences, Université BLIDA1, B.P 270, Route de Soumaa, BLIDA, Algérie <sup>2</sup>Laboratoire de Chimie du Gaz Naturel, Faculté de Chimie, USTHB, BP32, El-Alia, 16111 Bab Ezzouar, Alger,

Algérie

\*Corresponding author's email: hamzamedjadji1990@gmail.com

#### ABSTRACT

CaFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> photocatalyst was successfully synthesized by nitrate route using La(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.6H2O, and Fe(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.9H<sub>2</sub>O as metal ion. The material was characterized by various techniques including TGA-DT, XRD, FT-IR, UV-visible, SEM-EDX, XPS and electrochemical analysis. The photocatalytic activity of the CaFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> was successfully tested for hydrogen production H<sub>2</sub> under visible light irradiation. A pure phase of CaFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> is obtained at 850 C° with an orthorhombic structure and an average crystallite size of 31 nm. The photocatalytic activity reveals an optimal H<sub>2</sub> production of 189 µmol within 30 min at 50°C in NaOH medium and a catalyst mass of 100 mg, under visible light irradiation.





### 1. Introduction

Today, global consumption of fossil fuels for energy production has increased rapidly, causing an alarming rise in global temperature due to the generation of greenhouse gases [1-2]. Green hydrogen is considered one of the most important clean renewable energies compared to conventional energies [3]. Photocatalyst water splitting to produce hydrogen is one of the most important renewable energy sources in a promising and inexpensive way [4].

### 2. Experimental

The photocatalysis was performed in a double-walled Pyrex reactor (200 mL) hermetically closed and thermostated at 50 ( $\pm$  1°C). The activity was assessed through H<sub>2</sub> released under visible light. Three LED lamps (3×13 W, 13 mW cm<sup>-2</sup>) were used to activate the photocatalyst in the whole suspension, a water filter was used to eliminate the heating effect, and the light intensity and uniformity were controlled by a digital flux meter.

### 3. Results and Discussion

XRD analysis of the prepared powder shows the presence of a pure perovskite phase, exhibiting an orthorhombic structure with an average crystallite size of 31 nm (Space Group: Pbnm, N° 62), agreement with JCPDS Card (JCPDS card No. 01-074-2136) with refined lattice constant a = 10,66,b= 9,20, c= 5.377 Å, the spinel showed 138.38 µmol hydrogen evolution at pH~7 under visible light irradiation, significant increases 189.31 µmol recorded in pH~12 under the same condition after 30min.



# 4. Conclusions

This work devoted to prepared CaFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> spinel by nitrate method was characterized physically and electrochemically and applied for the hydrogen production under visible light, XRD analysis confirmed the formation of a pure phase at ~ 850°C with particle dimension of ~31 nm, CaFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> showed high activity H<sub>2</sub> production of 189.31 µmol in NaOH electrolyte (pH ~ 12) after 30min.

# References

- [1] Dufour J, Serrano DP, Gálvez JL, González A, Soria E, Fierro JLG. Life cycle assessment of alternatives for hydrogen production from renewable and fossil sources. International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 2012;37:1173–83. doi:10.1016/j.ijhydene.2011.09.135.
- [2]Benlembarek M, Salhi N, Benrabaa R, Djaballah AM, Boulahouache A, Trari M. Synthesis, physical and electrochemical properties of the spinel CoFe2O4: Application to the photocatalytic hydrogen production. International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 2022;47:9239–47. doi:10.1016/j.ijhydene.2021.12.270.
- [3]Boulahouache A, Benlembarek M, Salhi N, Djaballah AM, Rabia C, Trari M. Preparation, characterization and electronic properties of lafeo3 perovskite as photocatalyst for hydrogen production. International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 2023;48:14650–8. doi:10.1016/j.ijhydene.2022.12.327.
- [4]Gopinath CS, Nalajala N. A scalable and thin film approach for solar hydrogen generation: A review on enhanced photocatalytic water splitting. Journal of Materials Chemistry A 2021;9:1353–71. doi:10.1039/d0ta09619a.