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## Dielectric Characterization by Impedance Meter of Thin Films $\text{Bi}_2\text{S}_3(0.6)\text{ZnS}(0.4)$ Composites

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### ABSTRACT

An impedance in module and phase form of thin films  $\text{Bi}_2\text{S}_3(0.6)\text{ZnS}(0.4)$  composites was measured in terms of frequency and temperature using *HP4192* impedance meter. Semicircular arcs were obtained. These arcs were theoretically simulated to get the equivalent circuit parameters and to model the different processes taking place in the solid thin films. AC conductivity study expresses the behavior of disordered materials where transport occurs by hopping assisted by phonon between localized states near the Fermi level. The complex permittivity obtained from electrical measurements reflects losses and dissipation of energy in thin films, and it is attributed to the interfacial and dipolar polarization.

**Table 1:** The estimated relaxation time values; resistance "R" and capacity "C" obtained by the adjustment of the curves

	$\tau=1/2\pi f$ (n.sec)	Rg [ $\Omega$ ]	Cg [Farad]
<b>T =20°C</b>	212,314	2245421.08259	$1,0951 \cdot 10^{-13}$
<b>T =40°C</b>	231,68	1372065.77403	$2,1253 \cdot 10^{-13}$
<b>T =60°C</b>	397,39	838439,57249	$4,5417 \cdot 10^{-12}$

**Table 2:** conductivity ' $\sigma_{AC}$ ' values taken at low frequencies, the exponent 'S' and the density of states at the Fermi level calculated for  $\text{Bi}_2\text{S}_3(0.6)\text{ZnS}(0.4)$  thin film

T [°C]	$\sigma_{AC}$ [ $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ ] <sup>-1</sup>	S	$N(E_F) \times 10^{20}$ [ $\text{eV}^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^{-3}$ ]
<b>20</b>	0,02530	0,2033	0,4347
<b>40</b>	0,0358	0,11866	0,58412
<b>60</b>	0,05435	0,11665	1,3035



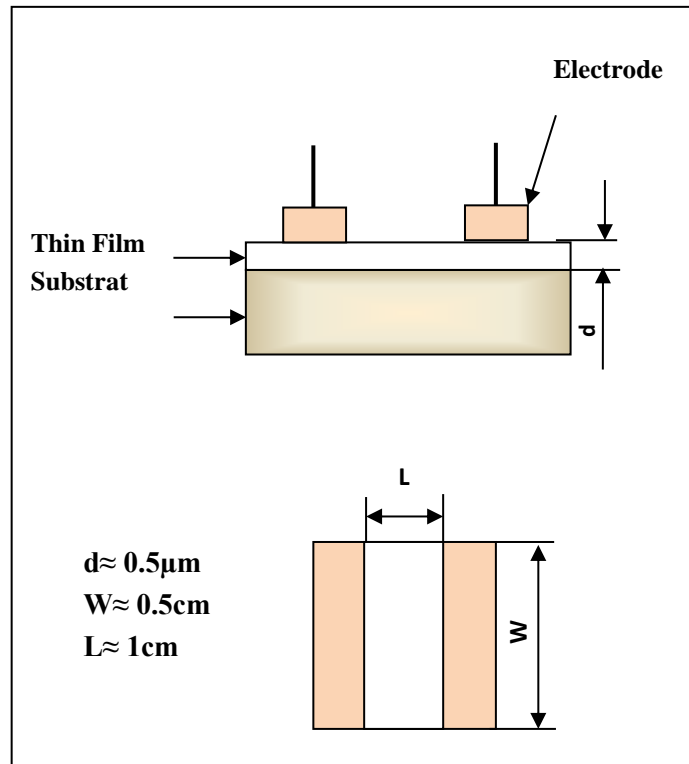


Fig 1: coplanar configuration of the sample

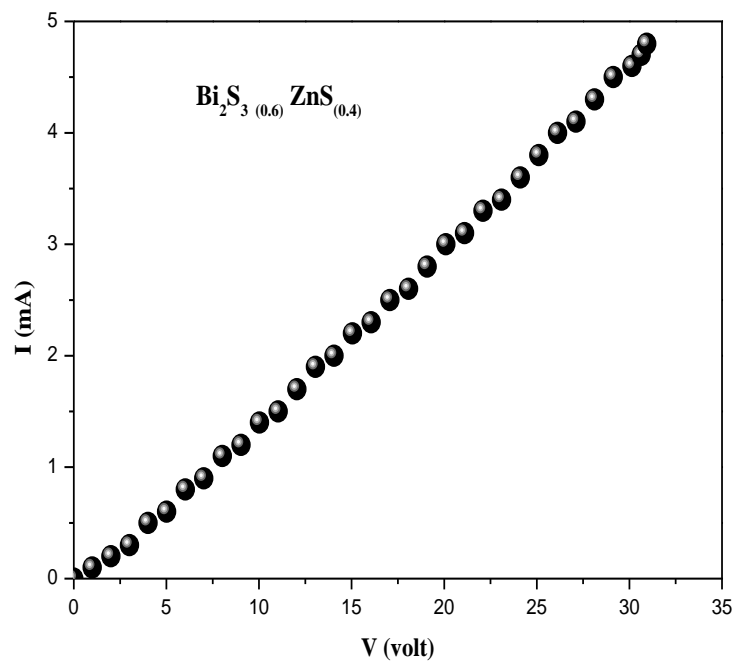
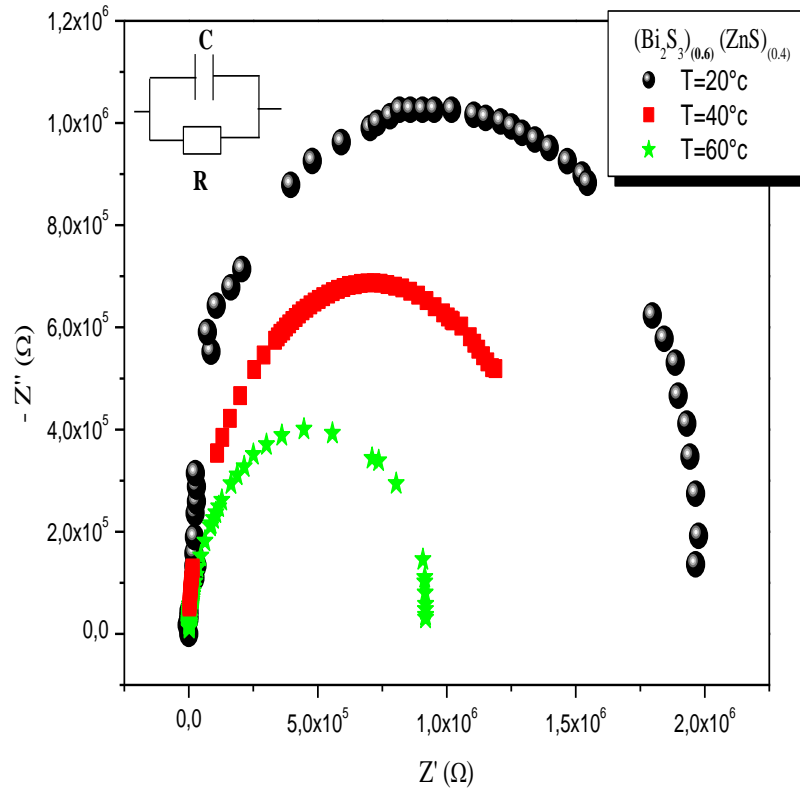
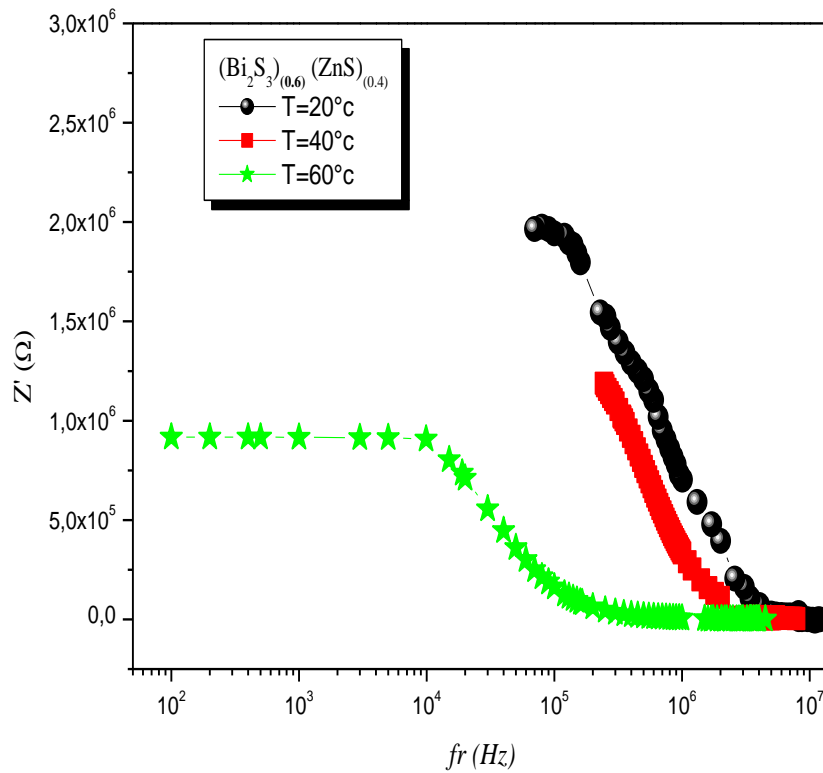


Fig 2: Characteristic I(V) of the sample



**Fig.3:** Impedance imaginary part. vs real part and equivalent electrical circuit top left.



**Fig 4:** impedance real part  $Z'$  vs. frequency and temperature

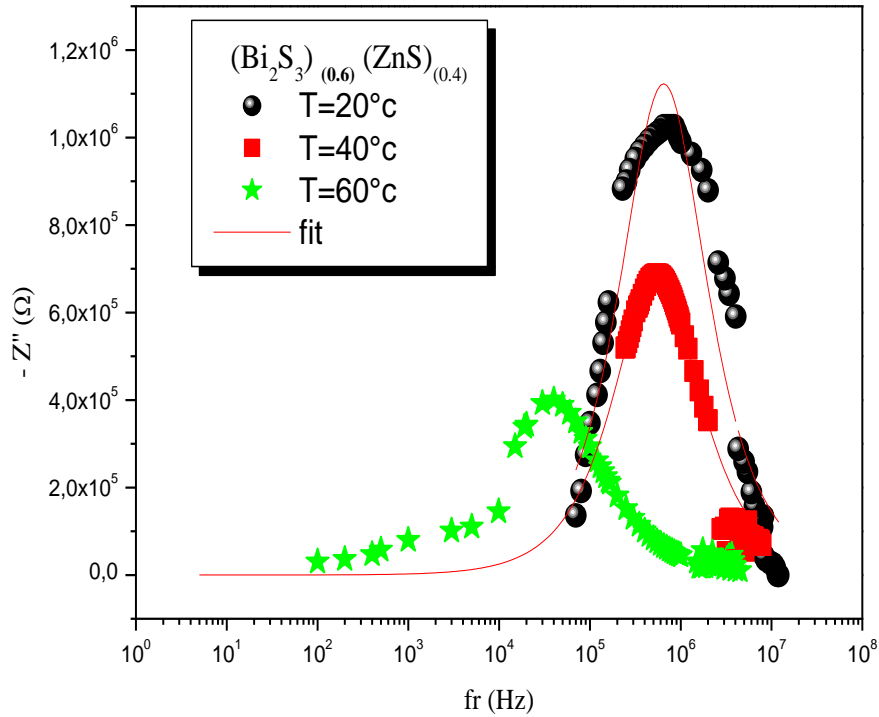


Fig 5: impedance imaginary part  $Z''$  vs. frequency and temperature

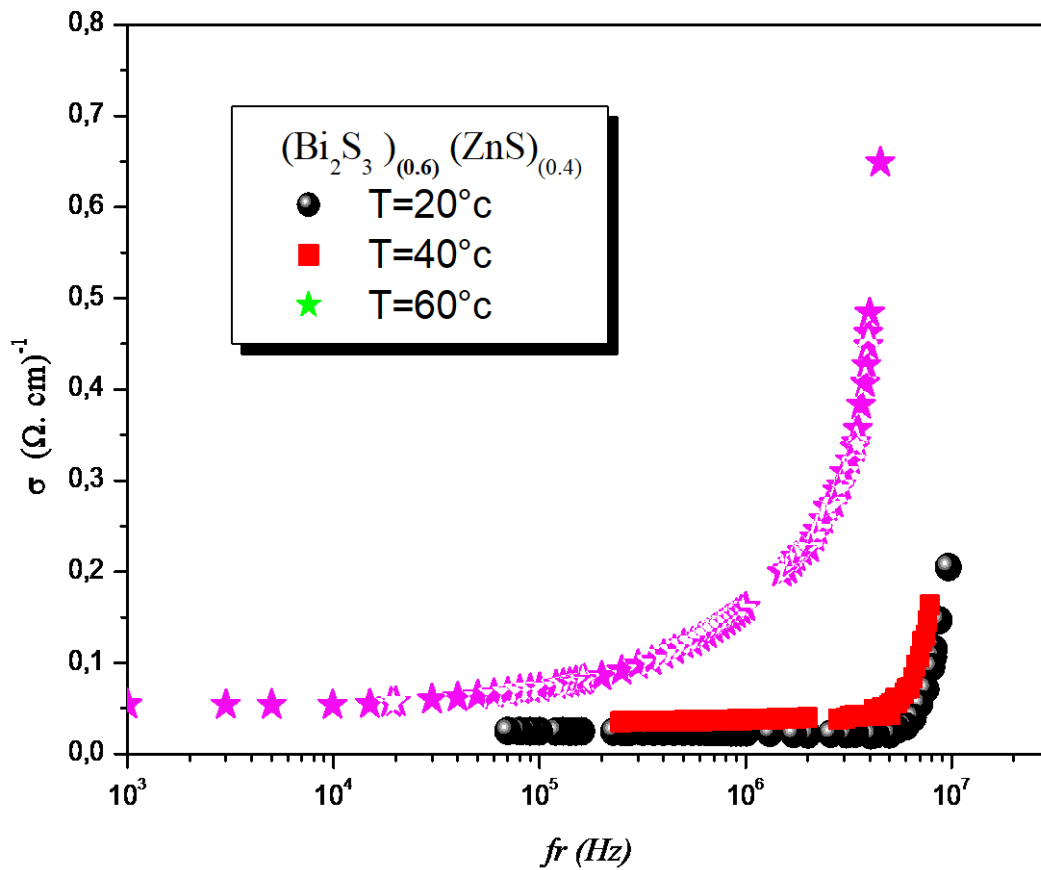
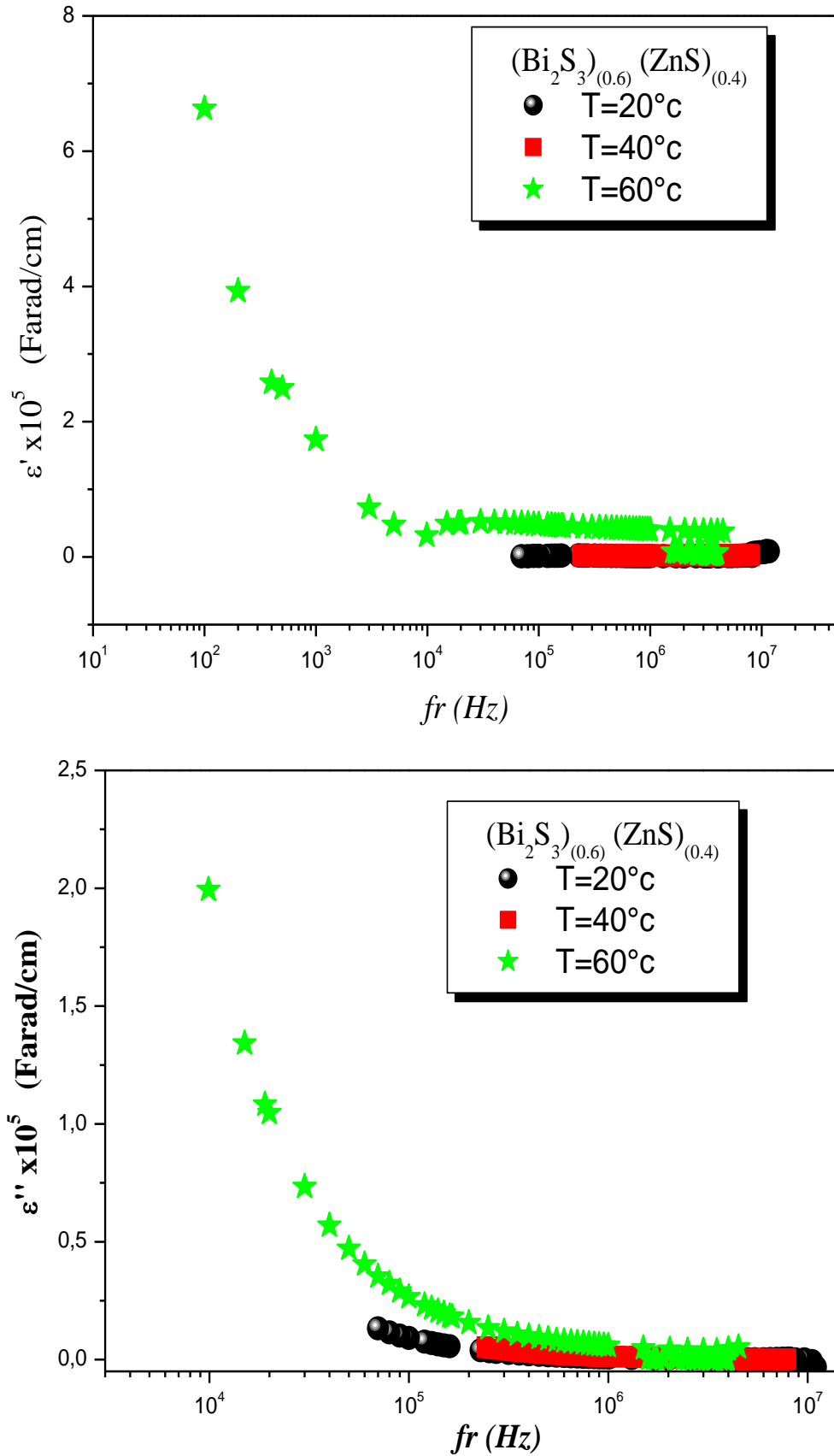


Fig.6: Electrical conductivity .vs frequency and temperature.



**Fig 7:** ( $\epsilon'$ ) and ( $\epsilon''$ ) variations vs. Frequency and temperature

**Keywords:** *Bi<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>, ZnS, thin-film composites, impedance meter, electric and dielectric properties.*