

DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES OF ZINC ALUMINIUM-SILICATE BASED CERAMIC NANOPARTICLES

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ABSTRACT

Zinc aluminate ($ZnAl_2O_4$) is a class of spinel group which has unusual characteristics and recognized as the microwave dielectric ceramic. The composite materials based on $ZnAl_2O_4$ and SiO_2 is expected to improve the dielectric properties. In this work, we present the synthesis and investigation of $ZnAl_2O_4$ - SiO_2 ceramic nanoparticles for microwave applications.

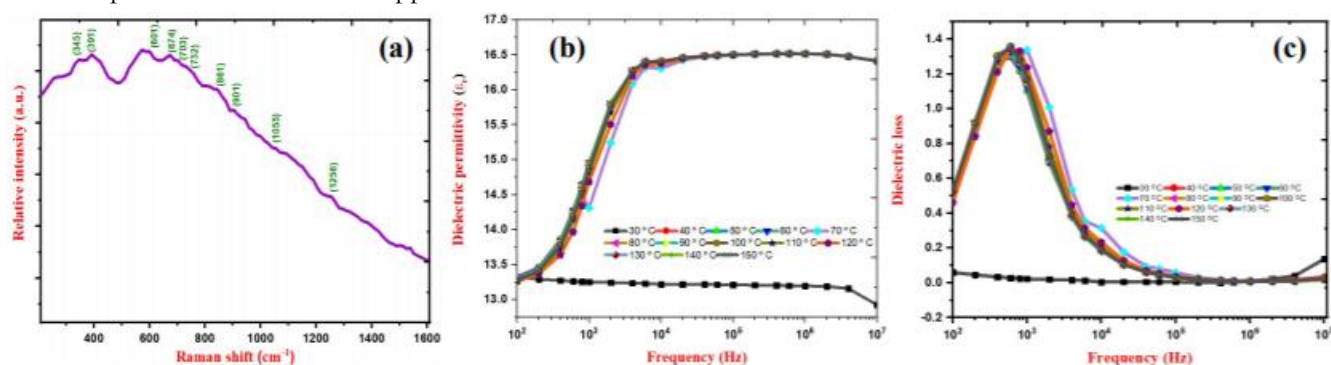


Figure 1. (a) Raman spectroscopy, (b) Dielectric permittivity and (c) Dielectric loss of $ZnAl_2O_4$ - SiO_2 ceramic nanoparticles.

Figure 1 (a) depicts the Raman spectra of $ZnAl_2O_4$ - SiO_2 ceramic nanoparticles. We can observe the TiO_2 -Eg modes originated at 143 cm^{-1} and 631 cm^{-1} along with a peak at 391 cm^{-1} ascribed to the B_{1g} mode of SiO_2 . We have examined the dielectric permittivity and dielectric loss as depicted in Figure 1(b) and Figure 1(c). We can notice almost constant dielectric permittivity at room temperature with the increased frequency. Further, an increased permittivity was observed with the increased frequency at increased temperature from 40-150 °C. In a similar fashion, one can notice the decreased dielectric loss in higher frequency regime at increased temperature from 40-150 °C. Further, we explore the conductivity and impedance properties of $ZnAl_2O_4$ - SiO_2 nanoparticles in the view of their applicability as the microwave ceramic material.